

ALAIN ZERBINI CIRCUS PRODUCTION

USDA APHIS AC

United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

INSPECTION REPORT

919 716 5696 P.13/17

JNELSON

1974 @wet_id 137199 imsp_id 17320 #100_id

Customer ID: 1874 Certificate: 58-C-0012

Site: 002

Inspection

Type: ATTEMPTED INSPECTION

Date: JAN-22-2003

3327 51ST ST.

SARASOTA, FL 34235

All redactions on this page are pursuant to (b)(6) & (b)(7)(c).

2.40 (b)

DIRECT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The gate to the property was open, but not the gate to the chain-link fenced compound housing the animals. However, I was able to make the following determinations by observation through the chain link:

The ticensee, or persons operating on behalf of the licensee, must ensure that approporiate methods are used to prevent, control, diagnose and treat diseases and injuries. This includes adequate and humane prevention of painful conditions, and adequate and humane relief from pain and discomfort. Animals must be observed daily, and timely and accurate information on problems of animal health, behavior and wellbeing must be conveyed to the attending veterinarian.

I observed one white tiger which was morbidly obese and exhibited an abnormal and stiff gait. There were also some pressure marks and abrasions on the elbow. Another white tiger had a rough haircoat, sneezed repeatedly and licked his nostrils repeatedly for a long period, urinated copiously without rising out of the pool of urine, displayed great difficulty in rising from lateral recumbency, and displayed a stiff gait and lameness of the left rear leg when walking and standing.

I spoke with the attending veterinarian for these cats. He had never met or spoken to the licensee.

He stated he had not been contacted by anyone concerning conditions described above. He was last contacted recently by concerning future castrations of some tigers. He said he has not been to the facility to observe any live animals since about summer 2002. He said he has performed necropsies of three lions which have died at this compound between about May 2002 and Dec 2002. He observed signs of respiratory illness in those dead animals.

The attending veterinarian should have been notified of these behaviors, consistent with possible arthritis and possible upper respiratory disease. The lameness may be influenced by several controllable factors, including diet composition, body weight, and housing surface. Immediate steps need to be taken to relieve the obvious discomfort, while the search for underlying causes begins. Considering the history of deaths and illness, visits to the premises by the veterinarian only once per year are not sufficient.

Since the licensee has indicated his intention to end his arrangments regarding these animals, it is not clear how this will be resolved.

2.126 (a)

ACCESS AND INSPECTION OF RECORDS AND PROPERTY.

Licensees must make facilities, animals and records available for inspection.

Prepared By:		
	SYLVIA TAYLOR, D. V. M., USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date:
Title:	VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER, Inspector ID: 2012	JAN-23-2003
Received By:		
	MAILED AND FAXED BY ARRANGEMENT	Date:
Title:		JAN-23-2003



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INSPECTION REPORT

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JVELSON

1874 Oust_id

137194 inep_id 17320 site_id

not able to complete a full inspection. As mentioned in the report for site 1, performed just prior to this attempt, this is				
site 2 under license, for the operator				
declined to accompany us to site 2, stating that he did not have time, as he had to prepare to depart on tour the next				
day, with his hoofstcok, dogs and cats. He said other persons associated with the Kollman-Ramos operation could				
our accesss for inspection. However, this did not turn out to be the case.				
records associated with the animals.				
All redactions on this page are pursuant to (b)(6) & (b)(7)(c).				
There was no responsible party on the property. Contacted I who contact me by phone from				
Orlando where he was working. He stated neither he nor could be there. had stated that				
and an employee, also provided assistance when was away, and may be able to assist. But				
said was also unavailable for the purpose of inspection, and had been fired.				
and the second of the second o				
I discussed with his responsibilities relating to the operation, as agreed under the May 2001				
consent decision and 1/2/02 letter to USDA. At the end of my attempt to inspect this site				
wished to cease his agreement of responsibility for this site.				
3.127 (b)				
FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.				
Animals must have sufficient shelter to protect them from weather and prevent discomfort.				

are debilitated in some way often need additional heat to stay healthy and comfortable.

Smaller boxes with bedding need to be added to these enclosures, to ensure that during cold temperatures and high wind chill, there is a reasonable sized space that will retain body heat. Alternatively, temporary heating apparatus could be

There were no dens or bedding in the feline enclosures. Tarps are attached to the cage sides which can be rolled down during inclement weather. However, the temperatures recently (and upcoming) have been sufficiently severe here, that body heat which is generated in the large enclosures will not be well retained, even with the tarps up. Jaguars and lions need warmer ambient temperatures to stay comfortable. This may also affect the white tiger who appeared to be ill. Animals which

Since the licensee has indicated his intention to end his arrangments regarding these animals, it is not clear how this will be resolved.

I reviewed my concerns with the attending veterinarian for the felines, and with

Prepared By:		
Title:	SYLVIA TAYLOR, D. V. M., USDA, APHIS, Animal Care VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER, Inspector ID: 2012	Date: JAN-23-2003
Title:	MAILED AND FAXED BY ARRANGEMENT	Date: JAN-23-2003